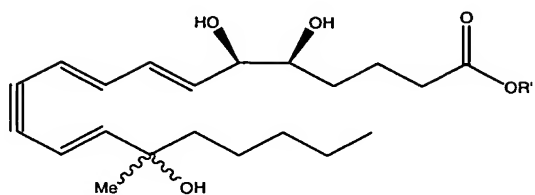


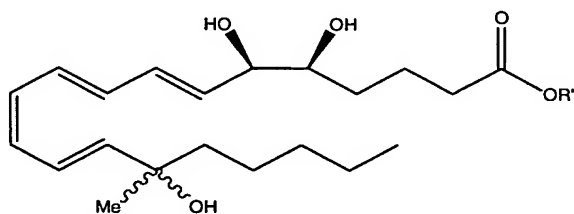
1. A method to inhibit activation of an inflammatory cell which interacts with a columnar epithelium, comprising administering to a subject an effective amount of a lipoxin A<sub>4</sub> compound.
2. A method of claim 1, wherein the columnar epithelium is an epithelium of the kidney.
3. A method of claim 1, wherein the columnar epithelium is an epithelium of the stomach.
4. A method of claim 1, wherein the columnar epithelium is an epithelium of the liver.
5. A method of claim 1, wherein the columnar epithelium is an epithelium of the thyroid.
6. A method of claim 1, wherein the columnar epithelium is an epithelium of the trachea.
7. A method of claim 1, wherein the columnar epithelium is an epithelium of the lung.
8. A method of claim 1, wherein the columnar epithelium is an epithelium of the gall bladder.
9. A method of claim 1, wherein the columnar epithelium is an epithelium of the urinary bladder.
10. A method of claim 1, wherein the columnar epithelium is an epithelium of the bile duct.
11. A method of claim 1, wherein the columnar epithelium is an epithelium of the pancreatic duct.
12. A method of claim 1, wherein the columnar epithelium is an epithelium of the testicle.
13. A method of claim 1, wherein the columnar epithelium is an epithelium of the intestine.
14. A method of claim 1, wherein the lipoxin compound is an analog of natural lipoxin A<sub>4</sub>.
15. A method of claim 14, wherein the analog of natural lipoxin A<sub>4</sub> has a longer half-life than natural lipoxin A<sub>4</sub>.

16. A method of claim 15, wherein the lipoxin analog is



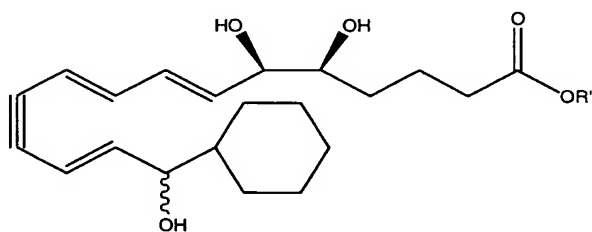
where R' is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

17. A method of claim 15, wherein the lipoxin analog is



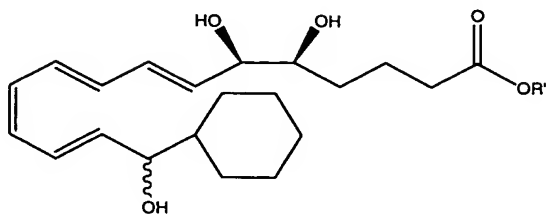
where R' is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

18. A method of claim 15, wherein the lipoxin analog is



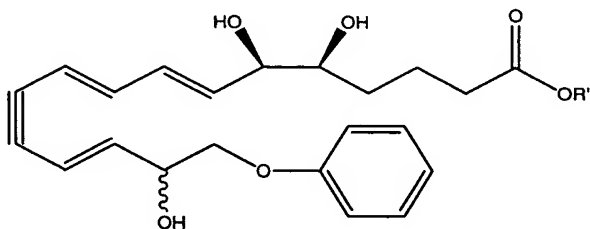
where R' is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

19. A method of claim 15, wherein the lipoxin analog is



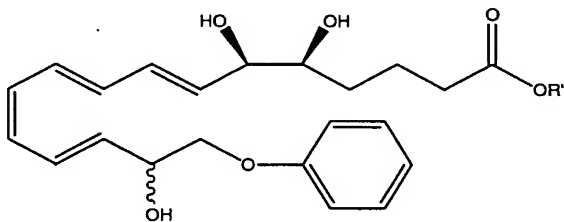
where R' is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

20. A method of claim 15, wherein the lipoxin analog is



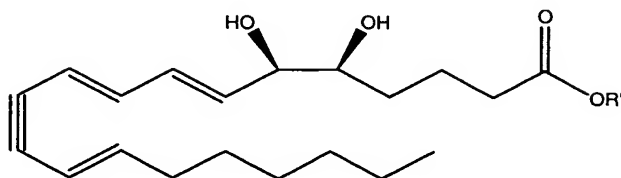
where R' is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

21. A method of claim 15, wherein the lipoxin analog is



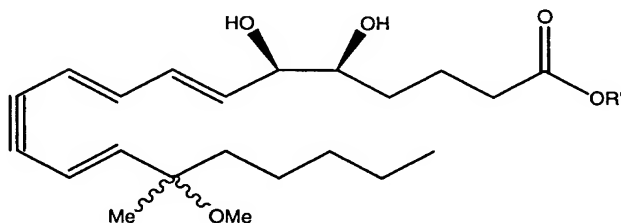
where R' is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

22. A method of claim 15, wherein the lipoxin analog is



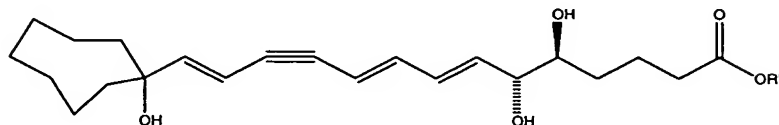
where R' is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

23. A method of claim 15, wherein the lipoxin analog is



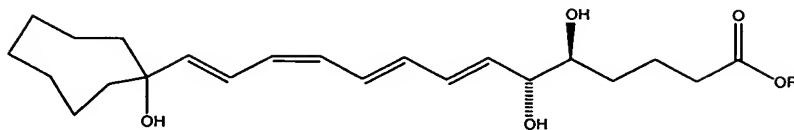
where R' is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

24. A method of claim 15, wherein the lipoxin analog is



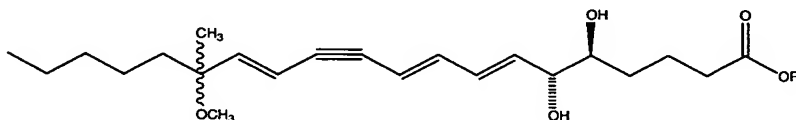
where R' is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

25. A method of claim 15, wherein the lipoxin analog is



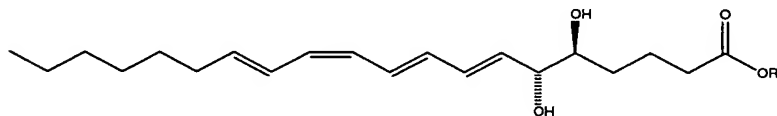
where R' is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

26. A method of claim 15, wherein the lipoxin analog is



where R' is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

27. A method of claim 15, wherein the lipoxin analog is



where R' is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

28. A method for treating or preventing a disease or condition associated with columnar epithelial inflammation in a subject comprising administering to the subject an effective anti-inflammatory amount of a pharmaceutical composition comprising a lipoxin A<sub>4</sub> compound and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.